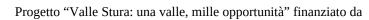


Cultural asset	Chapel of the Assunta
Municipality	Moiola
Address	Vallone dei colli (44.31660,7.37759)
Description	Probably built in the first half of the 17th century, as a votive offering during the plague, it constitutes a small sanctuary built with limestone blocks from the local quarries. The front porch was added in the 18th century. There is a stucco altar inside with little angels.
Type of asset	Religious building
Chronology	1630







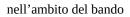




Cultural asset	Chapel of San Membotto
Municipality	Moiola
Address	Strada statale 21 (44.31459,7.38483)
Description	It is mentioned as a possession of the Abbey of San Teofredo di le Puy for the first time in the decree of the Bishop of Asti (July 28, 1098) and then by the papal bull of Alexander III (December 7, 1179); the same possessions are confirmed by Pope Clement IV in 1266-1267. The church is all that remains of the ancient village of Saint Benedetto that extended along the banks of the Stura and was equipped with a fortified castle. In the 14th century, with the decline of the village and the castle, the church, still called Saint Bernard, also diminished, but gradually assumed the role of a small shrine of devotion, also due to the addition of the dedication to Saint Membotto, martyr of the Benedictine order protector of livestock. In the pastoral visit of 1664, the altarpiece representing the Virgin with the patron saints is named.
Type of asset	Religious building
Chronology	1078







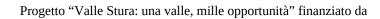




Cultural asset	Chapel of Sant'Anna
Municipality	Moiola
Address	Via Ruata (44.32223,7.38816)
Description	During the medieval period, the urbanized area of Moiola was concentrated further up, around the castle. The religious center was a single-nave chapel surrounded by the cemetery. The orientation was changed in 1652, and on this occasion, the ceiling was built. With the development of the village towards the lower part of the valley, this church was neglected until 1732, when it was given the functions and the title of parish church to the confraternity of Santa Croce. From this moment on, the title of the chapel was Saint Anna.
Type of asset	Religious building
Chronology	1386



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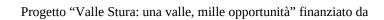






Cultural asset	Castle
Municipality	Moiola
Address	
Description	Ruins remain to the right of the valley and the chapel of Saint Anna.
Type of asset	Lost asset
Chronology	1386

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Cultural asset	Marble quarry "seravezza"
Municipality	Moiola
Address	(44.3146,7.3947)
Description	The "Seravezza di Moiola" marble was red with yellow and red stains. The main quarry was located to the hydrographic right of the Stura; a second quarry was active on the southern slope of the crest of the chapel of the Assunta. The quarries date back to the 18th Century, when the royal shipyards required large supplies of quality materials. In 1724, for the decoration of the royal chapel of Saint Hubert in Venaria Reale, Juvarra prescribed the best option among the Piedmontese marbles known at that time. For this occasion, the green quarries of Susa and Seravezza de Moiola and the alabaster of Busca will also be started.
Type of asset	Natural site
Chronology	1724 (?)







Cultural asset	Church of San Giovanni Battista
Municipality	Moiola
Address	Via San Giovanni, 18 (44.32086,7.38824)
Description	A church dedicated to San Giovanni Battista has been documented since 1386, but it was located where the chapel of Saint Anna is today, a little further up in the city. In the 18th century, no longer frequented by the faithful, its seat was transferred to the confraternity of Santa Croce, further downstream and at the crossroads of the town. To fulfil its role as parish church, from 1740 onwards it was gradually enlarged and embellished, changing its orientation and even resorting to contributions from the sovereign.
Type of asset	Religious building
Chronology	1740



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Cultural asset	Stone museum
Municipality	Moiola
Address	via Don Cristini, 1 (44.31971,7.38787)
Description	
Type of asset	Museum
Chronology	









Cultural asset	Strada militare
Municipality	Gaiola Moiola Demonte Aisone Vinadio
Address	Strada provinciale 337 (44.303070, 7.363361)
Description	Built where, according to the tradition, the Roman road passed, it runs to the hydrographic right of the Stura, almost parallel to the state road. It is shady and pleasant, but quite narrow.
Type of asset	Natural site
Chronology	XVIII century (?)

Patrimonio Calturale





Cultural asset	Trolley of Demonte
Municipality	Gaiola Moiola Demonte
Address	
Description	The Cuneo-Borgo San Dalmazzo-Demonte trolley was an intercity trolley that linked the cities of Cuneo, Borgo San Dalmazzo and Demonte from 1877 to 1948. In the late 1970s, following the success of similar initiatives in the Turin area, the construction of trolleys was also promoted in the province of Cuneo. Among the most requested routes was the Cuneo-Borgo San Dalmazzo, for which the concession for construction was obtained in 1877. Since 1904, the municipalities of the Stura Valley had moved for an extension of the line from Borgo San Dalmazzo to Demonte and Vinadio: for this purpose, in 1907, a committee was created for the construction of the trolley between the municipalities of the valley. In 1912, the construction and operation of the Cuneo-Borgo San Dalmazzo-Demonte line was awarded to the Vigna Taglianti brothers. The line was closed on December 17, 1948.
Type of asset	Lost asset
Chronology	1877 - 1948







